BIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF PRIVATE DRINKING WATER  Time date of collection 0820 and/pm 6/9/2020  Sampled by Jeremy Correction Manney Year  Sample Location Water Treatment Plant  Phone:  E-Mail 15witzer & Cityofst paulne, org	Central District Health Department HALL-RAMILTON-MERRICK	FOR LABORATOR  5AMPLE NO. 13 C  DATE RECEIVED C  CCC Sample meets bacterio safety requirements  Coliform  SM 9223BP/	9 16 2 9 20 logical YES / NO
TESTS REQUESTED (check all boxes that apply)  □ Coliform Bacteria □ Fluoride □ Nitrate }	E. Colimg/Liter		
PLEASE PRINT YOUR COMPLETE ADDRESS Name Jevery Govecki Address 704 6th Street		Nitratemg/Liter  Hardnessgrains/gal  pHunits	
City St. Paul State NE Zi CENTRAL DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT - WATER LABORATORY 3 1197 SOUTH LOCUST, GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA, 68801	p <u>Le 8873</u> 08:383-3175 www.icdhd.ing.gov weterlab@cdhd.ne.gov	TEST(S) BY Date	LO 20 Revisodi 3/2019

**Explanation of Test Results** 

## Coliform (This is a present or absent test)

- 'Absent' No coliform bacteria found
- 'Present' Coliform bacteria found

Any amount of Coliform bacteria is unsafe. Coliform bacteria may not cause disease, but may be indicators of pathogenic organisms that cause diseases.

## <u>Fluoride</u>

0.80 – 1.50 mg/l - Optimal level for cavity prevention.
 Most water in Nebraska contains some fluoride

## Hardness (Grains = 17.1 ppm)

- 0-6 grains/gal
- Soft water
- 7-17 grains/gal
- Moderately hard
- 18 grains/gal +
- Very hard water

Nitrate 0.0 – 10.0 mg/l - Safe 10.1 mg/l + - Unsafe

рH

- Less than pH7 Acid
- More than pH7 Alkaline

Normal range of pH in Nebraska water is between 6.5 and 8.5

## Note

- Nitrates and Bacterial contamination (coliform) cannot be detected by sight, smell, or taste.
- The only way to know if a water supply contains bacteria or nitrates is to have it tested.

District Heads Degartment

1137 S. Locust St, Grand Island, NE 68801 – P:308.385.5175 – F:308.385.5181

Revised- 10/2018